

CID 16658-F

GERMANY

1929

ONCKEN, H.

One of Germany's foremost contemporary historians / in a lecture at Munich University in 1929, he asserted that Germany won the war in the military sense, but lost it in the political field through weak and vacillating political leadership.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare.  
New York, September 1941, p.68

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(A-234-141)

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

OPEL, PRIVY-COUNCILLOR DR. WILHELM VON

On Board of Directors of Adam Opel A.G.; other members:  
Consul Franz BELICH (Munich), Manager Alvin D. MADSEN (Copen-  
hagen), and the newly appointed Solicitor and Notary Heinrich  
RICHTER (Berlin).

L. "Germany: Motor Vehicles, Oil", Oct. 6, 1942

A 234-102 MAN

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

SPITZ, General der Flieger Dr. Ing. (RLM)

Important military personality in Berlin.

E, October 13, 1942  
(New source on trial)

11453 B

GERMANY

rpt October 6, 1942

OPPENHEIM, Baron EBERHARD von

Member of one of oldest and most respected banking and industrial families in Germany; family bank in Cologne no longer under name of Salomon Oppenheim Jr., but combined with A. Levy and Co. and was 'aryanized' into Pferdmeniges and Co.; son-in-law of Backpulver-Oetker; American mother; heads Oppenheim bank; though 75% Jewish, has been spared because he was one of Rhineland Magnates who helped finance Nazis at end of 1932 when Hitler's star started to fade; member of Freiherrn von SCHRÖDER, chiefs of 'Aryan' banking house Stein and Co. in Cologne; this banking house intrigued with von PAPEN (q.v., TURKEY) in 1933 to keep Hitler in power; Eberhard assisted in this behind the scenes; paid 250,000 marks to be 'aryanized.' For further details of Oppenheim family, see Max and Waldemar von OPPENHEIM and also Harold von OPPENHEIM (MEXICO).

OSS, Washington, October 6, 1942

11453 B

MEXICO

rpt October 6, 1942

OPPENHEIM, HAROLD VON (HARRY)

The Bohemian member of the old banking family / divorced by his Spanish wife; reasonably successful as a tenor and for a while Richard Tauber's understudy; became anti-Nazi and left Germany in 1938; went to London, and to U.S. in 1939 / eventually started night club 'Chez Harry'; FBI investigated him and discovered the 'passionate anti-Nazi' was making repeated trips to Germany; 'Chez Harry' became rendezvous of Gestapo associates and by 1940 it was clear that he was a Nazi agent; before authorities could seize him, he escaped to Mexico and became an important Fifth Columnist; was imprisoned when Mexico joined Allied / brother of Eberhard von OPPENHEIM (q.v., GERMANY).

OSS, Washington,, October 6, 1942

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REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

OPPENHEIM, MAX VON

Mentioned along with Chappeaurouge, Grobba, and Schwöerbel (qq.v.) as one of those around von Hentig (q.v.) in the Auswärtiges Amt in Berlin.

Paul Schwarz, May 5, 1942  
Lullies - Wilson - Sept. 24, 1942

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## REFERENCE CARD

7-16

## GERMANY

## OPPENHEIM, BARON MAX VON

For many years the intellectual "front" of the Oppenheim family; internationally known archaeologist and explorer of Mediterranean basin; on diplomatic staff of Foreign Office, chiefly occupied with private investigation; during last war was Secret Service specialist for Middle East; knows many Arab dialects and understands most complex problems of Islam; Oppenheim family have been pioneers in Drang nach Osten, first of all in regard to Baghdad R.R.; Max founded "News Service for the Orient", organized to promote German commercial relations with Middle East, but built up by Goebbels with Oppenheim money into a most important organ for Nazi propaganda; under various names it represents most dangerous Fifth Column organization in Syria and Iraq; Max is a very old man but this did not prevent him, in 1941 when Hitler was conspiring with Raschid Ali, Iraq quisling, from flying to Beirut

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and Bagdad to engage in very dangerous work with Hobba, the present head of Fifth Column in Arab-speaking district (see Iraq) as an old man with a non-Nazi name he seems so trustworthy that he escapes suspicion and many old friends in Iraq think of him simply as a Hitler emigre.

For further details of Oppenheim family, see Eberhard Von Oppenheim.

Hoover - Osborne, October 6, 1942



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REFERENCE CARD

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GERMANY

OPPENHEIMER, BARON [WALDEMAR]

Rumored to be a Nazi peace envoy to Stockholm; source believed rumor to be essentially true because Oppenheimer "did register in a Stockholm hotel, apparently did have some conversations with the British and the British press attache that night [date not given] flew to London."

Interview with Alfred Oste  
June 30, 1942

COI-0060

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REFERENCE CARD

7-10

GERMANY

OPPENHEIM, WALDEMAR VON :

Member of powerful Nazi clique centering around Kurt von  
SCHRÖDER (q.v.); made use of another member of this clique,  
Baron Richard von SCHNITZLER (q.v.) when he was on his peace  
mission to Stockholm; cousin to Count Toni ARCO (q.v.).

"Who is Fedor von Bock?" by Dr. Rudolph Katz  
OSS, New York, Osborne-Hoover, Sept. 29, 1942

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REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

OPPENHEIM, WALDEMAR VON

Member of old banking family; wife nee Goldschmidt; Sent to Stockholm, spring 1942, as member of a peace-feeling mission; though it was ostensibly a secret mission, Hitler gave it great publicity, hoping thereby to create mutual distrust among the Allied Nations; Waldemar was so foxy the whole plan was made ridiculous and Goebbels became known as the originator; Waldemar lost considerable face in Nazi circles thereby. For further details of the Oppenheim family, see Eberhard von Oppenheim.

Hoover - Osborne, October 6, 1942

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R

PORTUGAL

rpt July 21, 1943

OPPENHEIMER, General

Recently appointed German air attache in Lisbon.

FCC, NP, July 21, 1943

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R

GERMANY

August 1, 1943

OPPENLÄNDER, Lt. General

His promotion from maj. general became effective August 1, 1943.

FCC, Daily Report, August 4, 1943

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R

GERMANY

rpt July 31, 1943

ORSENIGI, Bishop (ESARE

Papal Nuncio to Berlin.

FCC, NP, July 1-31, 1943

October 1, 1942

GERMANY

CRTNER, Lt. General

His promotion to Lt. General  
effective October 1, 1942.

Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung

State Department Plain Cable, Bern, December 8, 1942

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GERMANY

rpt January 1942

OSHIMA, HIROSHI

Japanese ambassador / born Tokyo, April 1886; son of Ken-ichi Oshima; graduated from Military Academy, Tokyo, 1906; married Toyo Tajiri / began as attache to Berlin (Germany) embassy; also served in Japanese army, advancing to lt. general, 1938; Japanese ambassador to Germany since 1938, taking part in negotiations which resulted in Berlin-Rome-Tokyo pact.

Who 's Who Monthly Supplement, January 1942

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REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY ?

rpt December 28, 1942

OSHIMA

ONODERA (SWEDEN), Japanese Military Attache,  
who recently returned from an Axis conference  
in Berlin, is reported to have stated that  
Oshima was pessimistic.

CSS #9846, Stockholm, December 28, 1942

R

GERMANY

July 29, 1943

OSHIMA

Japanese Ambassador to Germany / was received on July 29th by the Führer at his headquarters in the presence of von RIBBENTROP and Field Marshal KEITEL / the new weekly German newsreel shows the Japanese Ambassador wearing the uniform of a General on a walk through the Führer's headquarters.

Berlin radio

FCC, Daily Report, August 7, 1943

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IP  
A 533

GERMANY

rpt February 25, 1943

OSSENDORF, 2nd Lt.

Hitler Youth leader / in Appointments Bureau of Wehrmachts-propaganda under Lt. Col. KRATZE (q.v.) / his position as Youth leader gives him real power of appointment in this bureau.

Confidential and reliable source  
OSS, Washington, February 25, 1943

(11098)

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REFERENCE CARD

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GERMANY

OSSIETZKI, CARL VON (deceased)

Pacifist editor; collaborator of DETTEN (see U.S.); arrested and killed by Nazis.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, Nov. 17, 1942  
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

December 1, 1942

GERMANY

OSTER, Major General

His promotion to Major General  
effective December 1, 1942.

Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung  
State Department Plain Cable, Bern, December 8, 1942

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C

GERMANY

OSTER, Dr. HEINRICH

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BR FU-12

C

GERMANY

OSTERN, HEPMANN

11-20-61

BR FU-411

C

GERMANY

OSTHOFF, ALBERT

(11098)



BR FU-776

GERMANY

OSTLER

(11098)

CR

GERMANY

November 26, 1942

O'SULLIVAN, JOHN

Address: Lager 6, Stube 146, Watenstedt 2, Uber Braunschweig /  
citizen of Eire, working in a labor camp / addressee of a  
letter from his mother, H. REILHAN (EIRE) dated November 26,  
1942.

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BR FU-87

C

GERMANY

ÖETKEN, FRIEDRICH AUGUST

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GERMANY

1938

OTT, EUGEN

In Alemania Libre, Mexico, of August 10, 1942, it was reported that in 1938, while German Military Attache to Tokyo, he communicated to Japanese the contents of a report sent by Nazi agent in Honolulu to HAUSHOFER; the agent was Dr. Klaus MENHERT (q.v.).

USNC SF 8446

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JAPAN

rpt December 1, 1941

OTT, EUGENE

German ambassador to Japan / born Rottenburg, Germany, April 8, 1889; graduated from elementary school, Stuttgart, Germany, 1907; married Helma Rodewig; 1 son, 1 daughter / commd. sub-lt. Imperial German Army, 1909, and served in 4th Regiment, Württemberg Field Artillery, World War I, 1914-18, and at Defense Army Headquarters; served in Political Administrative Bureau of Department of Defense, 1923-33; became officer of 3d Artillery Regiment at Nagoya, Japan, 1933, and later in Manchukuo; recalled to Germany, 1933; served as military attache to Embassy in Tokyo, Japan, 1934, and as wing attache, 1936; recalled to Germany, 1936; studied Japanese plans of Karl HAUSHOFER, Hitler's geographer and head of Berlin Geopolitical District, carried out confidential orders; promoted to major general, 1937; became inspector Japanese Fronts, Shanghai, 1937; German ambassador to Japan since April 1938; credited with two important

(11298)

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- 2 -

rpt December 1, 1941

JAPAN OTT, EUGENE

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achievements--he converted a Japanese newspaper to Nazi interests; acquired for a Nazi in Japan a position in the Japanese Ministry of the Interior; won Japanese support so completely that he was entrusted with reorganizing the Japanese police and press departments, which resulted in formation of Japanese Gestapo, and Japanese Ministry of Propaganda; Ott in Japan and OSHIMA in Berlin worked out Berlin-Tokyo Axis (Ott explained Nazi-Soviet pact to Oshima and reassured him until Russian war, when Oshima resumed duties in Berlin).

Who's Who Monthly Supplement, quarterly cumulation, December 1, 1941

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

OTT, MAJOR GENERAL EUGENE

Collaboration between Japan and Germany in espionage and fifth column activities has been attributed largely to work of Oshima and Major General Eugene Ott; these men were first Military Attaches and then Ambassadors of their respective countries; it is likely, however, that Doihara and Nicolai were the behind-the-scenes motivators of this collaboration.

MIS, 383.4, Counter Intelligence Bulletin #3, 'Japanese Total Espionage in Manchuria, China, and Netherlands East Indies,' April 5, 1942, pp. 3 & 4 (from Callisen)

BK-53

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

JAPAN (also GERMANY)

OTT, Lt. General EUGENE

German Ambassador to Tokyo; is reported to be personally very popular with almost all factions within the Japanese Army, though many Japanese officers bitterly detest the Nazi Government; both General Koiso (q.v.) and General Itagaki (q.v.) are anti-German but like Ott.

Interview with Guy de la Chevalerie (U.S.) Oct. 5, 1942



REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY (also JAPAN)

January 2, 1943

OTT, General EUGEN

German Ambassador to Tokyo / has been recalled, and is to be replaced by Henrich Georg STAEMER, present Ambassador to Japan's puppet regime at Nanking / will be given new post in German Foreign Office / according to Berlin radio, this shake up has taken place at the suggestion of von RIBBENTROP / there is an unconfirmed rumor that his removal may be due to the arrest of 2 Japanese workmen who sold secret battleship weapons to Germans.

Associated Press Dispatch from London, January 2, 1943  
Washington Post, January 3, 1943

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7-16

REFERENCE CARD

rpt. January 4, 1943

GERMANY

OTT, General EUGEN

Loyal Nazi, but possessor of many Army friends; his replacement by STAMMER, (see Japan) who is nothing but a creature of RIBBENTROP, is a slap in the face of the army.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, January 4, 1943

11679

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

rpt. January 4, 1943

OTT, General EUGEN

Loyal Nazi, but possessor of many Army friends; his replacement by STAHLER, (see Japan) who is nothing but a creature of RIBBENTROP, is a slap in the face of the army.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, January 4, 1943

PS

GERMANY

rpt. January 15, 1943

OTT, EUGEN

Spent ten years in Japan, the first five as German Military Attaché, the last five as Ambassador; Ott's part in the negotiations led to the anti-Comintern pact of 1936 / previously he was an aid to General Kurt von SCHLEICHER shot during the Röhm purge; at this time Ott was sent abroad as Military Attaché to Japan; he later regained favor by his work in the powerful fifth column which infiltrated Japan; his failure to get complete control of Japanese policies and to bring on war with Russia may be the reason for his recall and succession by Heinrich Georg STAHRER.

Wilfrid Fleisher, Washington, January 15, 1943  
New York Herald Tribune, January 17, 1943

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GERMANY

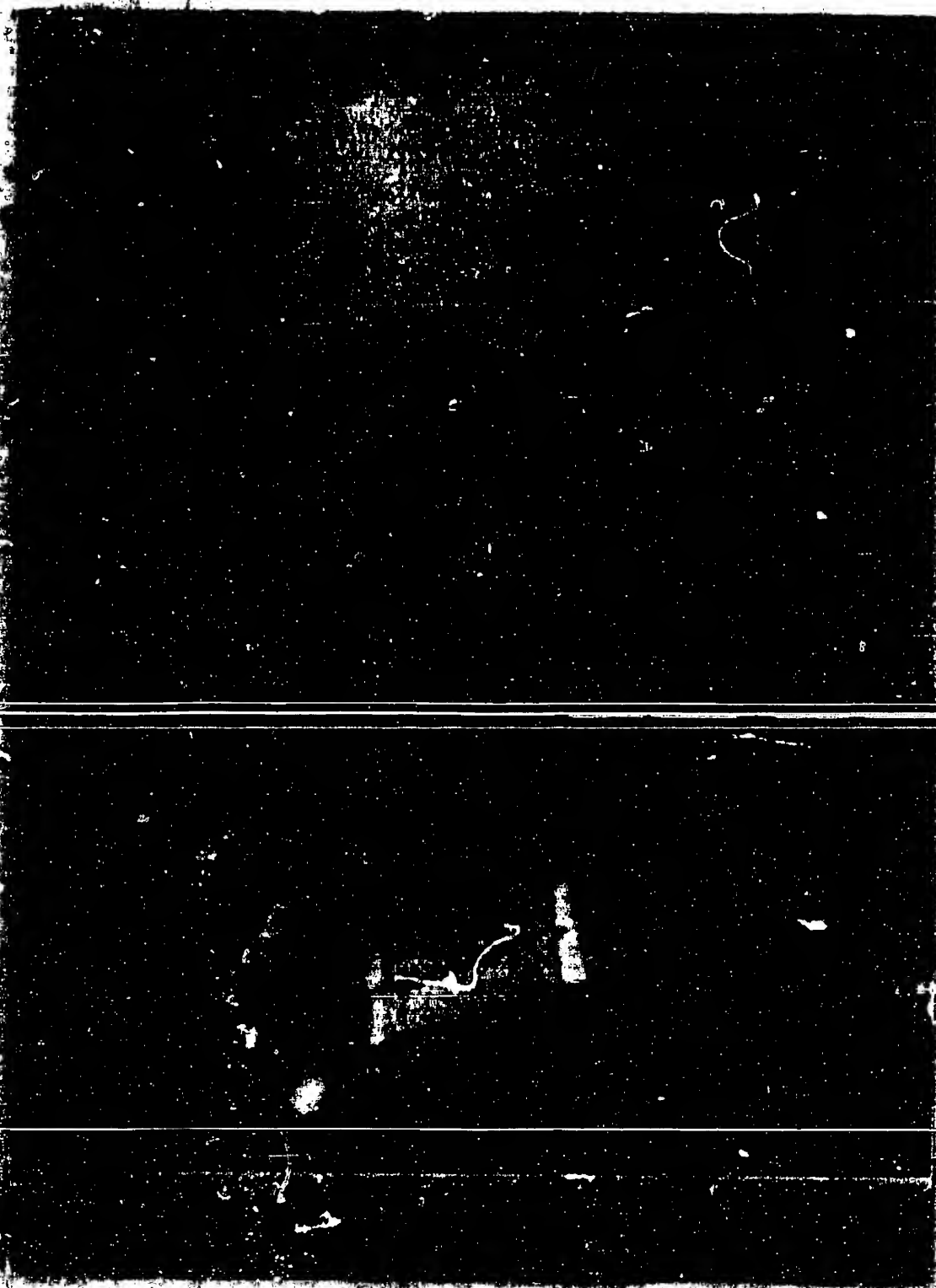
fpt August 1, 1943

OTT, EUGEN

Intimate friend of NICOLAI; engineered the Tokio-Berlin Axis; was recalled for failure of his military espionage activities in Japan.

Eugene Tillinger, Washington Post, August 1, 1943, p. 2B

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World of War, July 1943

11679

REFERENCE CARD

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GERMANY

To February 1941

OTT, General RICHARD

About 53 / of good old middle class family of Stuttgart, Württemberg / devout catholic / has never kowtowed to Nazis though he has obeyed their orders / whereabouts now unknown to source / ~~he~~ might be useful when crack-up comes, playing role similar to War Minister Gröner's (also a Württenberger) in 1918, who simplified dissolution of German Army / Württemberg is centre of considerable underground activity.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, December 16, 1942  
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

R

GERMANY

died July 18, 1943

OTZEN, Colonel WILHELM von

German Military Attache in Madrid / killed July 18 in an auto crash.

Berlin radio

FCC, Daily Report, July 19, 1943

(11096)



F

GERMANY

rpt April 2, 1943

OVEN, General (Infantry) von

Has recently been promoted from lt. general.

Pariser Zeitung, April 2, 1943  
Press Survey

(11098)

R

GERMANY

August 1, 1943

OVERDYCK, Maj. General

His promotion from colonel became effective August 1, 1943;  
of the Luftwaffe.

FCC, Daily Report, August 4, 1943

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C

GERMANY

OWEN, WOLFGANG von.

(11-98)

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

CVAREMAL, Ignacie de

Chief of the Falange in Germany, appointed January 3, 1940.

Strategic Survey, Spain (Appendix), April 21, 1942

Approved For Release 2010/12/08 : CIA-RDP82-00038R001000170001-3

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Approved For Release 2010/12/08 : CIA-RDP82-00038R001000170001-3

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7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

rpt. September 6, 1942

PREST, Major

He and Erwin KHAUS (q.v.) gave final orders for deaths of Rosa Luxemburg and Karl Liebknecht to their executioner, Captain. PFLOCK-REITUNG.

Argentinisches Tageblatt, Buenos Aires, September 6, 1942

11679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

To February 1941

PABST, Major WALDEMAR

Outstanding adventurer, involved in Feme murders / took part in Kapp Putsch / for a time close to Captain ERHARDT of notorious Erhardt Brigade / occasionally useful to Hitler, but never aligned himself completely with Party / must be getting on in years / rumours have been current that he was dead or was trying to contact other officers to organize for time when they would drive out Hitler and form own military state / thoroughly unsavory character, but might eventually be used to stir up chaos.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, December 12, 1942  
(Source left Germany in February 1941)

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11679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

To February 1941

PABST, Major WALDEMAR

Outstanding adventurer, involved in Feme murders / took part in Kapp Putsch / for a time close to Captain ERHARDT of notorious Erhardt Brigade / occasionally useful to Hitler, but never aligned himself completely with Party / must be getting on in years / rumours have been current that he was dead or was trying to contact other officers to organize for time when they would drive out Hitler and form own military state / thoroughly unsavory character, but might eventually be used to stir up chaos.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, December 12, 1942  
(Source left Germany in February 1941)

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REFERENCE CARD

7-16

**FINLAND**

November 3, 1942

**PAKASELAHTI**

Undersecretary of State in the Finnish Ministry of Foreign Affairs / <sup>will take</sup> ~~took~~ part in founding ceremonies of German-Finnish Society for which Hanns JOHST (q.v. Germany) is president.

German Regional Note N-24  
November 3, 1942

CD 15052

REFERENCE CARD

rpt February 20, '43

FINLAND

PAKASLAHTI

Of the Finnish Foreign Office / several sources believe that he is personal friend and right hand man in Finland of HIMMLER, though the Finnish State Police, which monopolizes the work in Finland to the exclusion of the Gestapo, is under the Department of Interior; his enemies feel that they have bested him and expect a shakeup in the Foreign Office; they speak with glee of some new post for him, such as that of Minister to Zagreb.

1591  
(98)  
OSS, Stockholm, February 20, 1943